

Importing data into R

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Aim of this chapter

Show how can we import data into R from several sources:

- Local files (Rdata, csv, other Statistical Software)
- Web Scraping
- pdf documents
- Social Networks
 - *Twitter*
 - *Facebook*

Local files

R environment, .RData file

```
> load(file="dir_location\\savedfile") # Windows only  
> load(file="dir_location/savedfile") # other OS
```

Reading text files

```
> # Windows only  
> ds = read.table("dir_location\\file.txt", header=TRUE)  
> # all OS (including Windows)  
> ds = read.table("dir_location/file.txt", header=TRUE)
```

Example:

```
> file.exists("banques.txt")
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
> d1 = read.table("banques.txt", header=TRUE)
```

Example:

```
> head(d1)
```

```
##   Classe_PV Age_PV Cadre Non_Cadre Diplome Age_Moy Anc_Moy Surface_
## 1      3     29     14       10      10  41,71   5,54  12,75
## 2      3     21      6      14       6  34,2    4,7   11,8
## 3      5     13      3       5      3  31,13   6,63  12,25
## 4      3     18      5       7      4  36,58   5,33  16,42
## 5      4     17      2       5      2  44,86   4,14  27,86
## 6      4     16      3       3      2  40,33    5     40
##   Type_concep Nbr_reclam Age_RPV Anc_RPV Anc_RPV_PV Qualt_client
## 1            A         16     38      21        20      0,37
## 2            A          7     41      28        9      0,53
## 3            A          7     46      66        24      0,49
## 4            A         12     38      28        9      0,69
## 5            A          2     47       7        7      0,44
## 6            A          8     37      66        7      0,4
```

Other ASCII files

```
> file.exists("banques.txt")
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
> d1 = readLines("banques.txt")
> d1[1:3]
```

```
## [1] "Classe_PV\tAge_PV\tCadre\tNon_Cadre\tDiplome\tAge_Moy\tAnc_Moy\tSurface_\\tType_concep\tNbr_reclam\tAge_RPV\tAnc_RPV\tAnc_RPV_I"
## [2] "3\t29\t14\t10\t10\t41,71\t5,54\t12,75\tA\t16\t38\t21\t20\t0,37"
## [3] "3\t21\t6\t14\t6\t34,2\t4,7\t11,8\tA\t7\t41\t28\t9\t0,53"
```

Comma-separated value (CSV)

```
> ds = read.csv("dir_location/file.csv")
```

Other formats

```
> library(foreign)
> ds = read.dbf("filename.dbf") # DBase
> ds = read.epiinfo("filename.epiinfo") # Epi Info
> ds = read.mtp("filename.mtp") # Minitab worksheet
> ds = read.octave("filename.octave") # Octave
> ds = read.ssd("filename.ssd") # SAS version 6
> ds = read.xport("filename.xport") # SAS XPORT file
> ds = read.spss("filename.sav") # SPSS
> ds = read.dta("filename.dta") # Stata
> ds = read.sysstat("filename.sys") # Systat
```

Using RStudio (1/3)

The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with several windows open:

- Editor:** Shows R code for reading various file formats (e.g., CSV, SPSS, SAS) and performing data manipulation.
- File Browser:** Shows a list of files in the current directory, including R scripts, CSS files, and an image file.
- Console:** Shows the output of the R code, including error messages and the results of data reading functions.
- Bottom Bar:** Shows the Mac OS X Dock with various application icons.

```

library(Foreign)
ds = read.dbf("filename.dbf") # Base
ds = read.epiinfo("filename.epiinfo") # Epi Info
ds = read.mtp("filename.mtp") # Minitab worksheet
ds = read.octave("filename.octave") # Octave
ds = read.ssd("filename.ssd") # SAS version 6
ds = read.xport("filename.xport") # SAS XPORT file
ds = read.spss("filename.spss") # SPSS
ds = read.dta("filename.dta") # Stata
ds = read.systat("filename.sys") # Systat
```

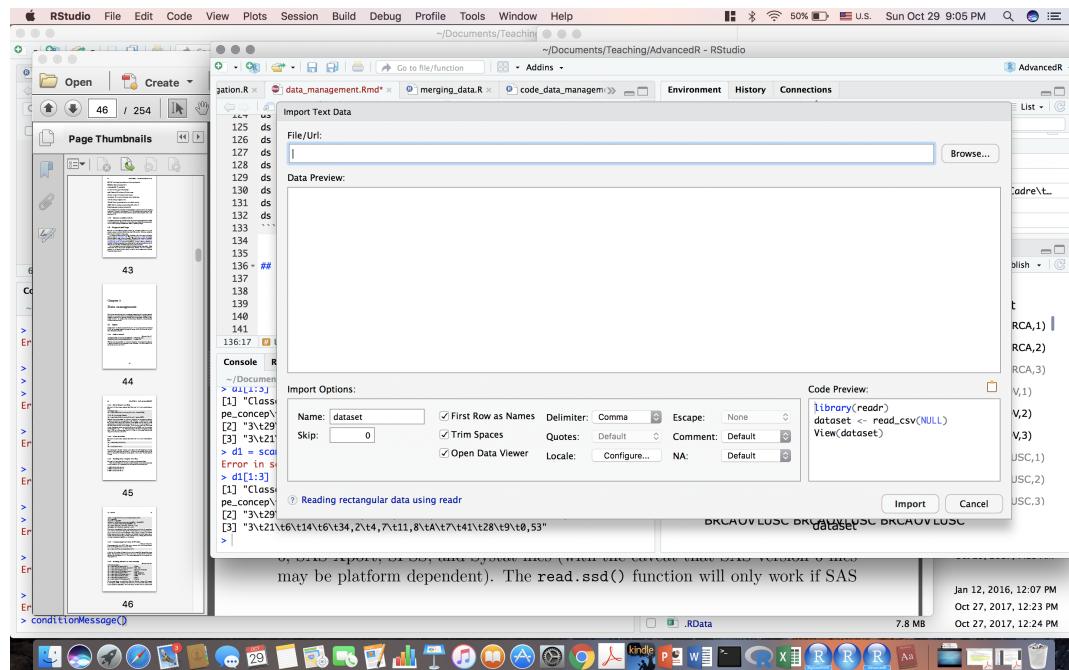
```

```

[1] "Classe_PV\tAge_PV\tNon_Cadre\tDiplome\tAge_Moy\tAnc_Moy\tSurface_\tType_concept\tNbr_reclam\tAge_RPV\tAnc_RPV\tQualif_client"
[2] "3\t29\t14\t10\t10\t41,71\t5,54\t12,75\t1\t16\t38\t21\t20\t0,37"
[3] "3\t21\t6\t14\t6\t34,2\t4,7\t11,8\t1\t7\t41\t28\t9\t0,53"
> d1 = scan("banques.txt")
Error in scan("banques.txt") : scan() expected 'a real', got 'Classe_PV'
> d1[1:3]
[1] "Classe_PV\tAge_PV\tNon_Cadre\tDiplome\tAge_Moy\tAnc_Moy\tSurface_\tType_concept\tNbr_reclam\tAge_RPV\tAnc_RPV\tQualif_client"
[2] "3\t29\t14\t10\t10\t41,71\t5,54\t12,75\t1\t16\t38\t21\t20\t0,37"
[3] "3\t21\t6\t14\t6\t34,2\t4,7\t11,8\t1\t7\t41\t28\t9\t0,53"
>

```

# Using RStudio (2/3)



# Using RStudio (3/3)

The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with the following details:

- File Menu:** RStudio, File, Edit, Code, View, Plots, Session, Build, Debug, Profile, Tools, Window, Help.
- Current Project:** ~/Documents/Teaching/AdvancedR - RStudio
- Code Editor:** A script named `data_management.Rmd*` is open, showing R code for data management.
- Data Preview:** A preview of the `pres_polls.csv` file is shown, displaying the first 50 rows of data. The columns include Day, Len, State, EV, Dem, GOP, Ind, Date, X9, and X10.
- Import Options Dialog:** An import dialog box is open, prompting for settings like Name, Delimiter, and Skip rows. It also shows a preview of the R code used to read the file.
- Console:** The console shows the R session history, including the command to read the CSV file and an error message about the 'dataset' object.
- File Explorer:** Shows files like `data_management.Rmd*`, `merging_data.R`, and `code_data_managem...`.
- Environment:** Shows objects like `RCA,1`, `RCA,2`, `RCA,3`, `V,1`, `V,2`, `V,3`, `JSC,1`, `JSC,2`, and `JSC,3`.
- File Bar:** Shows the current file is `data_management.Rmd*`.
- System Status:** Shows battery level (49%), U.S. location, and date/time (Sun Oct 29 9:05 PM).
- Taskbar:** Shows various application icons.

# Using Rcmdr package (1/2)

```
> install.packages("Rcmdr")
> library(RCmdr)
```

# Using Rcmdr package (2/2)

The screenshot shows the R Commander interface on a Mac OS X desktop. The menu bar includes XQuartz, Applications, Edit, Window, Help, and R Commander. The main window has tabs for File, Edit, Data, Statistics, Graphs, Models, Distributions, Tools, and Help. The Data tab is selected, showing options like New data set..., Load data set..., and Merge data sets... A sub-menu under Data is open, showing Import data, Data in packages, Active data set, and Manage variables in active data set. The R Script tab is also visible. The R console window shows R code and its output. The Packages window lists several packages, including ggplot2, gplots, and gridExtra, with ggplot2 checked. The status bar at the bottom shows the date and time.

```

149 ##
150
151
152 Using RStudio : R Markdown

Rcmdr Version 2.4-1

Attaching package: 'Rcmdr'

The following object is masked from 'package:shiny':
 radioButtons

>
>
> |
```

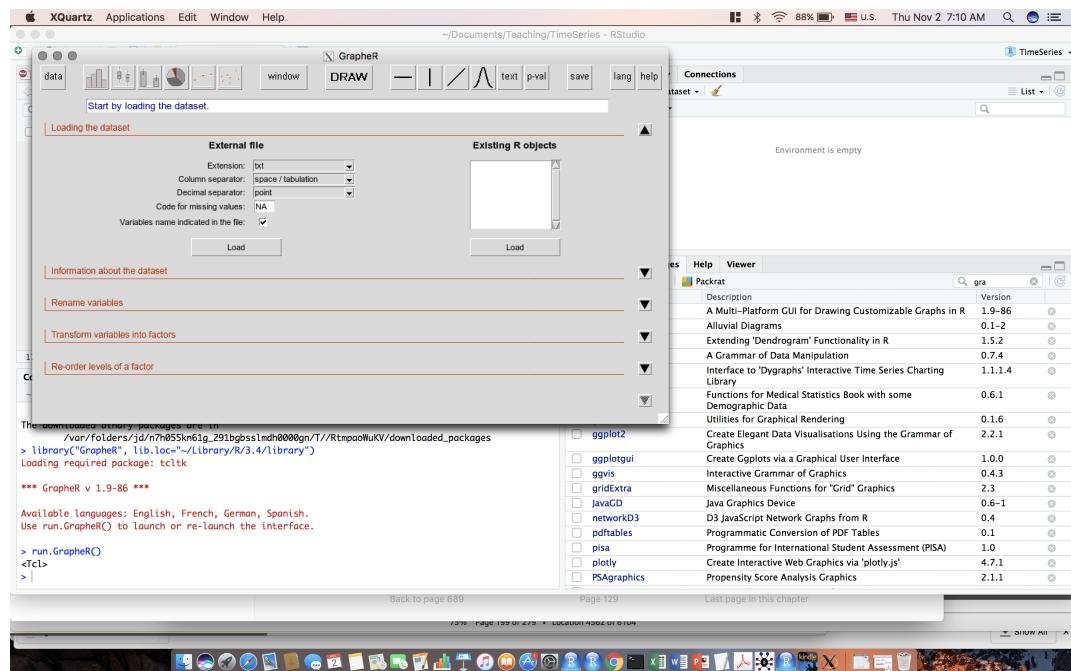
| Packages                                     | Description                                                                 | Version    |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ggplot2  | Create Elegant Data Visualisations Using the Grammar of Graphics            | 2.2.1      |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> gplots   | Create Cpplots via a Graphical User Interface                               | 1.0.0      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> cowplot             | Streamlined Plot Theme and Plot Annotations for 'ggplot2'                   | 0.8.0      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ggbiplot            | A ggplot2 based biplot                                                      | 0.55       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ggeffects           | Create Tidy Data Frames of Marginal Effects for 'ggplot' from Model Outputs | 0.2.2.9000 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ggmap               | Spatial Visualization with ggplot2                                          | 2.6.1      |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ggsignif | 'ggplot2' Based Publication Ready Plots                                     | 0.1.5.999  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ggrepel             | Repulsive Text and Label Geoms for 'ggplot2'                                | 0.7.0      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> gsci                | Scientific Journal and Sci-Fi Themed Color Palettes for 'ggplot2'           | 2.8        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ggthemes            | Significance Brackets for 'ggplot2'                                         | 0.4.0      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> survminer           | Extra Themes, Scales and Geoms for 'ggplot2'                                | 3.4.0      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ggplot2             | Drawing Survival Curves using 'ggplot2'                                     | 0.4.0      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> GGally              | Create Elegant Data Visualisations Using the Grammar of Graphics            | 2.2.1      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> gg dendro           | Extension to 'ggplot2'                                                      | 1.3.2      |
|                                              | Create Dendograms and Tree Diagrams Using 'ggplot2'                         | 0.1-20     |

The status bar at the bottom shows the date and time: Jan 12, 2016, 12:07 PM; Oct 27, 2017, 12:23 PM; Oct 27, 2017, 12:24 PM. The file size is 7.8 MB.

# Using Grapher (1/2)

```
> library(Grapher)
> run.Grapher()
```

# Using Grapher (2/2)



# Using JGR and deducer (1/2)

```
> Sys.setenv(JAVA_HOME = 'JAVA_HOME=/Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/1.6.0.jdk/Contents/Home')
> dyn.load("/Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk1.8.0_121.jdk/Contents/Home/jre/lib/server/libjvm.dylib")
> library(rJava)
> library(JGR)
> library(Deducer)
> JGR()
```

# Using JGR and deducer (2/2)

The screenshot shows the JGR (Java GUI for R) interface running on a Mac OS X desktop. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Help, and a toolbar with various icons. The main window has several panes:

- Console (left):** Displays R session history, including package loading and variable assignment.
- Data View (center):** A Data Set viewer titled "df query.0.res" showing a table with columns: YEAR, MONTH, DAY\_OF\_M..., DAY\_OF\_W..., FL\_DATE, UNIQUE\_C..., AIRLINE\_ID, TAIL\_NUM, FL\_NUM, and ORIGIN. The data consists of 44 rows of flight information.
- Variable View (right):** Shows a list of variables with their types (e.g., PM, M) and memory addresses.
- Status Bar:** Shows battery level (83%), location (U.S.), date (Thu Nov 2 7:24 AM), and system status.

# Web Scraping

# From Wikipedia pages (1/2)

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Upper\\_Peninsula\\_of\\_Michigan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Upper_Peninsula_of_Michigan)

WIKIPEDIA

## Upper Peninsula of Michigan

The **Upper Peninsula** (the UP), also known as **Upper Michigan**, is the northern of the two major peninsulas that make up the U.S. state of **Michigan**. The peninsula is bounded on the north by **Lake Superior**, on the east by the **St. Marys River**, on the southeast by **Lake Michigan** and **Lake Huron**, and on the southwest by **Wisconsin**.

The Upper Peninsula contains 29% of the land area of Michigan but just 3% of its total population. Residents are frequently called **Yoopers** (derived from "U.P.-ers") and have a strong regional identity. Large numbers of **French**, **Canadian**, **Finnish**, **Swedish**, **Cornish**, and **Italian** immigrants came to the Upper Peninsula, especially the **Keweenaw Peninsula**, to work in the area's mines and lumber industry. The peninsula includes the only counties in the United States where a **plurality** of residents claim **Finnish ancestry**.<sup>[1]</sup>

Ordered by size, the peninsula's largest cities are **Marquette**, **Sault Ste. Marie**, **Escanaba**, **Menominee**, **Houghton**, and **Iron Mountain**. The land and climate are not very suitable for agriculture because of the long harsh winters. The economy has been based on logging, mining, and tourism. Most mines have closed since the "golden age" from 1890 to 1920. The land is heavily forested and logging remains a major industry.

## Contents

- 1 History
- 2 Geography
  - 2.1 Wildlife
  - 2.2 Climate
  - 2.3 Time zones
- 3 Government
  - 3.1 Politics
  - 3.2 Proposed statehood
- 4 Demographics
- 5 Economy
  - 5.1 Industries
  - 5.2 Notable attractions

Coordinates: 46°14'00"N 86°21'00"W

| Upper Peninsula                                                                       |                                           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Michigan                                                                              |                                           |
|    |                                           |
| The Lake of the Clouds in the Porcupine Mountains of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan  |                                           |
| <b>Nickname:</b> <i>The UP, The 906</i>                                               |                                           |
| <b>Country</b>                                                                        | United States                             |
| <b>State</b>                                                                          | Michigan                                  |
| <b>Highest point</b>                                                                  |                                           |
| - location                                                                            | Mount Arvon                               |
| - elevation                                                                           | 1,979 ft (603 m)                          |
| <b>Area</b>                                                                           | 16,377 sq mi<br>(42,416 km <sup>2</sup> ) |
| <b>Population</b>                                                                     | 311,361 (2010)                            |
| <b>Density</b>                                                                        | 19/sq mi (7/km <sup>2</sup> )             |
| <b>Area code</b>                                                                      | 906                                       |
|  |                                           |

# From Wikipedia pages (2/2)

```
> install.packages("htmltab")
```

```
> library(htmtab)
> htmtab("http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Upper_Peninsula_of_Michigan",3)
```

```
Warning in strptime(x, fmt, tz = "GMT"): unknown timezone 'zone/tz/2017c.
1.0/zoneinfo/Africa/Tunis'
```

```
Year REP DEM Others
2 2016 56.40%82,018 37.77% 54,923 5.83% 8,476
3 2012 50.80%73,529 47.49% 68,747 1.71% 2,477
4 2008 46.12% 69,647 51.82%78,257 2.06% 3,108
5 2004 51.52%78,276 47.31% 71,888 1.17% 1,781
6 2000 50.61%70,256 45.95% 63,791 3.43% 4,768
```

# Using XML and httr package (1/2)

```
> library(httr)
> library(XML)
> url <- "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Upper_Peninsula_of_Michigan"
> r <- GET(url)
> r
```

```
Response [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Upper_Peninsula_of_Michigan]
Date: 2017-11-15 21:11
Status: 200
Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
Size: 416 kB
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html class="client-nojs" lang="en" dir="ltr">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8"/>
<title>Upper Peninsula of Michigan - Wikipedia</title>
<script>document.documentElement.className = document.documentElement.cl...
<script>(window.RLQ>window.RLQ||[]).push(function(){mw.config.set({"wgCa...
mw.user.tokens.set({"editToken": "+\\\" , "patrolToken": "+\\\" , "watchToken": ...
##
);mw.loader.load(["ext.cite.ally","site","mediawiki.page.startup","medi...
...
```

# Using XML and httr package (2/2)

```
> doc <- readHTMLTable(
+ doc=content(r, "text"))
> doc[6]
```

```
$`Upper Peninsula land area and population density by county[6]`
County Population Land area (sq mi) Land area (km²)
1 Alger 9,601 915 2,370
2 Baraga 8,860 898 2,330
3 Chippewa 38,520 1,558 4,040
4 Delta 37,069 1,171 3,030
5 Dickinson 26,168 761 1,970
6 Gogebic 16,427 1,101 2,850
7 Houghton 36,628 1,009 2,610
8 Iron 11,817 1,166 3,020
9 Keweenaw 2,156 540 1,400
10 Luce 6,631 899 2,330
11 Mackinac 11,113 1,021 2,640
12 Marquette 67,077 1,808 4,680
13 Menominee 24,029 1,044 2,700
14 Ontonagon 6,780 1,311 3,400
15 Schoolcraft 8,485 1,171 3,030
16 Total 311,361 16,377 42,420
Population density\n(per sq mi) Population density\n(per km²)
1 10.5 4.1
2 9.8 3.8
3 24.7 9.5
4 31.6 12.2
5 34.4 13.3
6 14.9 5.8
7 36.3 14.0
8 10.1 3.9
9 4.0 1.5
10 7.3 2.8
11 10.8 4.2
12 37.1 14.3
13 23.0 8.9
14 5.1 2.0
15 7.2 2.8
16 19.0 7.3
```

# Data available in the web?

- from R packages
- Available in web pages

# From R packages

# Example: WDI package

Search, extract and format data from the World Bank's World Development Indicators

<https://data.worldbank.org/data-catalog/world-development-indicators>

or

<https://www.indexmundi.com/facts/indicators>

## Exemple: Create a data about R&D in the world (1/5)

```
> library(WDI)
> # Collecting the available indicators
> ind_data=rbind.data.frame(WDIsearch("research"),
+ WDIsearch("technology"),
+ WDIsearch("technical")
+ ,WDIsearch("scientific"))
> # Collecting the data from 1960 to 2016.
> all_data=WDI(indicator = ind_data$indicator,start = 1960,end = 2016)
```

# Exemple: Create a data about R&D in the world (2/5)

The indicator data

| Show              | 5 | entries                                                                        | Search: |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| indicator         |   | name                                                                           |         |
| GB.XPD.RSDV.GD.ZS |   | Research and development expenditure (% of GDP)                                |         |
| SP.POP.SCIE.RD.P6 |   | Researchers in RD (per million people)                                         |         |
| IC.FRM.TECH.ZS    |   | Firms using technology licensed from foreign companies (% of firms)            |         |
| IE.ICT.PCAP.CD    |   | Information and communication technology expenditure per capita (current US\$) |         |
| IE.ICT.TOTL.CD    |   | Information and communication technology expenditure (current US\$)            |         |

Showing 1 to 5 of 24 entries

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 Next

## Exemple: Create a data about R&D in the world (3/5)

The research data (after reshaping it and from 2010 to 2014)

```
> library(reshape)
> i=which(all_data$year>=2010 & all_data$year<=2014)
> x=melt(all_data[i,],id.vars = colnames(all_data)[1:3])
> colnames(x)[4]="indicator"
> datatable(x,options = list(pageLength = 5), rownames = FALSE)
```

# Exemple: Create a data about R&D in the world (4/5)

Show 5 entries Search:

| iso2c | country | year | indicator       | value |
|-------|---------|------|-----------------|-------|
| AD    | Andorra | 2010 | IP.JRN.AR.TC.SC | 1.2   |
| AD    | Andorra | 2011 | IP.JRN.AR.TC.SC | 1     |
| AD    | Andorra | 2012 | IP.JRN.AR.TC.SC | 3.9   |
| AD    | Andorra | 2013 | IP.JRN.AR.TC.SC | 5.9   |
| AD    | Andorra | 2014 | IP.JRN.AR.TC.SC |       |

Showing 1 to 5 of 25,872 entries

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 ... 5175 Next

## Exemple: Create a data about R&D in the world (5/5)

I have also created a Shiny App to better explore this data

[https://dhafer.shinyapps.io/Research\\_Indicators/](https://dhafer.shinyapps.io/Research_Indicators/)

Please Wait



# pisa package

# Data from Programme of International Student Assessment (PISA).

## Installation of pisa package

```
> require(devtools)
> install_github('pisa', 'jbryer', force=T)
```

## Some available data (1/3)

School results from the 2009 Programme of International Student Assessment (PISA) as provided by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

See <http://www.pisa.oecd.org/> for more information including the code book.

# Some available data (2/3)

```
> library(pisa)
> data(pisa.school)
> head(pisa.school)
```

```
CNT COUNTRY OECD SUBNATIO SCHOOLID SC01Q01 SC01Q02 SC01Q03
1 Albania Albania Non-OECD Albania 00001 No No No
2 Albania Albania Non-OECD Albania 00002 Yes Yes Yes
3 Albania Albania Non-OECD Albania 00003 Yes Yes Yes
4 Albania Albania Non-OECD Albania 00004 No No No
5 Albania Albania Non-OECD Albania 00005 Yes Yes Yes
6 Albania Albania Non-OECD Albania 00006 Yes Yes Yes
SC01Q04 SC01Q05 SC01Q06 SC01Q07 SC01Q08 SC01Q09 SC01Q10 SC01Q11 SC01Q12
1 No No No No No No Yes Yes Yes
2 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No
3 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
4 No No No No No No Yes Yes Yes
5 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No
6 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No
SC01Q13 SC01Q14 SC02Q01 SC03Q01 SC03Q02 SC03Q03 SC03Q04 SC04Q01
1 <NA> <NA> Public 60 40 0 0 Town
2 <NA> <NA> Public 90 10 0 0 Village
3 <NA> <NA> Public 100 0 0 0 Town
4 <NA> <NA> Public 90 10 0 0 Village
5 <NA> <NA> Public 95 5 0 0 Town
6 <NA> <NA> Public 99 0 0 1 City
SC05Q01 SC06Q01 SC06Q02 SC07Q01 SC07Q02 SC08Q01 SC09Q11
1 Two or More Schools 285 316 <NA> <NA> None NA
2 Two or More Schools 93 118 <NA> <NA> None 10
3 Two or More Schools 475 581 <NA> <NA> None 47
4 One Other 121 163 <NA> <NA> None 22
5 Two or More Schools 219 187 <NA> <NA> None 26
6 Two or More Schools 530 472 <NA> <NA> None 44
SC09Q12 SC09Q21 SC09Q22 SC09Q31 SC09Q32 SC10Q01 SC10Q02 SC10Q03
1 2 NA 0 NA 0 212 30 0
2 0 10 0 10 0 25 0 0
3 2 47 2 41 2 79 15 1
4 0 22 0 22 0 87 15 1
5 0 26 0 21 0 56 8 1
6 5 44 5 36 5 123 18 18
SC11Q01 SC11Q02 SC11Q03 SC11Q04 SC11Q05
1 Not at all Not at all Not at all Very little A lot
2 Very little Very little Not at all Very little Very little
3 Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all Very little
4 Not at all Not at all Not at all Very little Not at all
5 Not at all Very little Not at all Not at all Not at all
6 Not at all Not at all Not at all Very little Not at all
```

```

SC11Q06 SC11Q07 SC11Q08 SC11Q09 SC11Q10
1 To some extent To some extent Very little Very little A lot
2 Not at all A lot Very little A lot A lot
3 Not at all Very little Not at all Very little A lot
4 Very little A lot Very little To some extent Very little
5 Not at all To some extent Very little To some extent A lot
6 Very little To some extent Not at all To some extent Not at all
SC11Q11 SC11Q12 SC11Q13 SC12Q01
1 Not at all A lot Not at all Not for any subject
2 A lot Very little A lot For all subjects
3 Not at all Very little To some extent Not for any subject
4 Very little To some extent Very little For some subjects
5 A lot A lot A lot For some subjects
6 Very little To some extent To some extent Not for any subject
SC12Q02 SC13Q01 SC13Q02 SC13Q03 SC13Q04 SC13Q05 SC13Q06
1 Not for any subject Yes Yes No Yes No No
2 For all subjects No No No No No No
3 For some subjects No Yes No Yes Yes Yes
4 Not for any subject Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
5 Not for any subject Yes No Yes No Yes No
6 For some subjects Yes No No Yes No No
SC13Q07 SC13Q08 SC13Q09 SC13Q10 SC13Q11 SC13Q12 SC13Q13 SC13Q14 SC14Q01
1 Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No Yes <NA>
2 Yes No No Yes No No No Yes <NA>
3 Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes No Yes <NA>
4 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No No Yes <NA>
5 Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes No Yes <NA>
6 Yes No No Yes Yes Yes No Yes <NA>
SC14Q02 SC14Q03 SC14Q04 SC14Q05 SC15Q01 SC15Q02
1 <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1-2 times a year Monthly
2 <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1-2 times a year 3-5 times a year
3 <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1-2 times a year More than once a month
4 <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> 1-2 times a year 3-5 times a year
5 <NA> <NA> <NA> 3-5 times a year Monthly
6 <NA> <NA> <NA> 1-2 times a year More than once a month
SC15Q03 SC15Q04 SC15Q05 SC16Q01 SC16Q02
1 Never 1-2 times a year More than once a month Yes Yes
2 Never 1-2 times a year More than once a month Yes Yes
3 Never Monthly More than once a month Yes Yes
4 Never Monthly More than once a month Yes No
5 Never More than once a month More than once a month Yes Yes
6 Never Never 3-5 times a year Yes Yes
SC16Q03 SC16Q04 SC16Q05 SC16Q06 SC16Q07 SC16Q08 SC17Q01
1 No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes To some extent
2 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Not at all
3 Yes No Yes No Yes No Not at all
4 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Not at all
5 Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Very little
6 Yes No Yes Yes Yes No Very little
SC17Q02 SC17Q03 SC17Q04 SC17Q05 SC17Q06
1 To some extent Very little Very little Not at all Very little
2 Very little Not at all Not at all Not at all Very little
3 Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all

```

```

4 Very little Very little Very little Very little Not at all
5 Very little Not at all Very little Very little Very little
6 Very little Very little Very little Very little Very little
SC17Q07 SC17Q08 SC17Q09 SC17Q10 SC17Q11 SC17Q12
1 To some extent Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all
2 Not at all Not at all
3 Very little Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all
4 Not at all Very little Not at all Not at all Very little Very little
5 Very little Very little Not at all Not at all Not at all Very little
6 Very little Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all Not at all
SC17Q13 SC18Q01 SC19Q01 SC19Q02 SC19Q03 SC19Q04
1 Very little Minority of Parents Always Sometimes Sometimes Never
2 Not at all Minority of Parents Always Always Always Never
3 Very little Minority of Parents Sometimes Always Always Always
4 Very little Minority of Parents Always Always Always Never
5 To some extent Minority of Parents Never Never Always Always
6 Very little Minority of Parents Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes Always
SC19Q05 SC19Q06 SC19Q07 SC20Q01 SC20Q02 SC20Q03
1 Never Sometimes Sometimes Likely Not likely Likely
2 Never Always Always Very likely Very likely Not likely
3 Sometimes Sometimes <NA> Likely Not likely Likely
4 Always Sometimes Sometimes Not likely Likely Not likely
5 Sometimes Always Sometimes Very likely Not likely Very likely
6 Always Sometimes Sometimes Not likely Not likely Likely
SC20Q04 SC20Q05 SC20Q06 SC21Q01 SC21Q02 SC21Q03 SC22Q01
1 Likely Likely Likely Yes Yes Yes Yes No
2 Very likely Very likely Very likely Yes Yes Yes Yes No
3 Likely Likely <NA> Yes No No No No
4 Likely Likely Likely <NA> <NA> <NA> Yes
5 Very likely Likely Likely Yes No No No No
6 Likely Very likely Likely Yes Yes Yes No No
SC22Q02 SC22Q03 SC22Q04 SC22Q05 SC23Q01 SC23Q02 SC23Q03 SC23Q04 SC24Qa1
1 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No No Tick
2 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Tick
3 Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Tick
4 Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Tick
5 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Tick
6 Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No Tick
SC24Qa2 SC24Qa3 SC24Qa4 SC24Qa5 SC24Qb1 SC24Qb2 SC24Qb3 SC24Qb4 SC24Qb5
1 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
2 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
3 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
4 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
5 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
6 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
SC24Qc1 SC24Qc2 SC24Qc3 SC24Qc4 SC24Qc5 SC24Qd1 SC24Qd2 SC24Qd3 SC24Qd4
1 No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick
2 No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick
3 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
4 No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick
5 No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick
6 No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick
SC24Qd5 SC24Qe1 SC24Qe2 SC24Qe3 SC24Qe4 SC24Qe5 SC24Qf1 SC24Qf2 SC24Qf3

```

```

1 Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
2 Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
3 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
4 Tick Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick Tick Tick Tick
5 Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
6 Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
SC24Qf4 SC24Qf5 SC24Qg1 SC24Qg2 SC24Qg3 SC24Qg4 SC24Qg5 SC24Qh1 SC24Qh2
1 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
2 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
3 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
4 No Tick No Tick Tick Tick Tick No Tick Tick No Tick Tick
5 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
6 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
SC24Qh3 SC24Qh4 SC24Qh5 SC24Qi1 SC24Qi2 SC24Qi3 SC24Qi4 SC24Qi5 SC24Qj1
1 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
2 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
3 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
4 No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
5 No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
6 No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
SC24Qj2 SC24Qj3 SC24Qj4 SC24Qj5 SC24Qk1 SC24Qk2 SC24Qk3 SC24Qk4 SC24Qk5
1 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
2 Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick
3 Tick No Tick Tick
4 Tick No Tick Tick
5 Tick No Tick Tick
6 Tick No Tick Tick
SC24Ql1 SC24Ql2 SC24Ql3 SC24Ql4 SC24Ql5 SC25Qa1 SC25Qa2 SC25Qa3 SC25Qa4
1 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick Tick Tick Tick No Tick Tick
2 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
3 Tick No Tick Tick
4 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
5 Tick No Tick Tick
6 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
SC25Qb1 SC25Qb2 SC25Qb3 SC25Qb4 SC25Qc1 SC25Qc2 SC25Qc3 SC25Qc4 SC25Qd1
1 No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
2 No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
3 No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
4 Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
5 No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
6 No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
SC25Qd2 SC25Qd3 SC25Qd4 SC25Qe1 SC25Qe2 SC25Qe3 SC25Qe4 SC25Qf1 SC25Qf2
1 No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
2 No Tick Tick
3 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
4 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
5 No Tick Tick
6 No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick Tick No Tick No Tick No Tick Tick
SC25Qf3 SC25Qf4 SC26Q01 SC26Q02 SC26Q03 SC26Q04
1 No Tick Tick Very often Very often Quite often Very often
2 No Tick No Tick Very often Very often Quite often Very often
3 No Tick Tick Very often Very often Very often Very often
4 Tick Tick Quite often Very often Very often Very often

```

```

5 No Tick No Tick Quite often Quite often Quite often Very often
6 No Tick Tick Very often Quite often Quite often Quite often
SC26Q05 SC26Q06 SC26Q07 SC26Q08 SC26Q09 SC26Q10
1 Very often Very often Very often Very often Quite often Very often
2 Very often Very often Quite often Quite often Very often Very often
3 Quite often Very often Seldom Quite often Very often Quite often
4 Quite often Quite often Very often Quite often Very often Quite often
5 Quite often Very often Quite often Seldom Quite often Very often
6 Very often Quite often Very often Very often Very often Seldom
SC26Q11 SC26Q12 SC26Q13 SC26Q14 SC27Q01
1 Very often Very often Very often Seldom Male
2 Very often Very often Very often Very often Male
3 Very often Very often Quite often Seldom Female
4 Quite often Very often Very often Quite often Female
5 Very often Quite often Very often Seldom Male
6 Very often Very often Quite often Quite often Male
##
ABGROUP COMPWEB IRATCOMP PCGIRLS PROPCERT PROQUAL SCHSIZE
1 Not for any subjects 0.000 0.142 52.5790 NA NA 601
2 For all subjects NA 0.000 55.9242 1 1.000 211
3 For some subjects 0.067 0.190 55.0189 1 0.875 1056
4 For some subjects 0.067 0.172 57.3944 1 1.000 284
5 For some subjects 0.125 0.143 46.0591 1 0.808 406
6 For some subjects 1.000 0.146 47.1058 1 0.828 1002
##
SCHTYPE SELSCH STRATIO
1 Public At least one sometimes but neither always considered NA
2 Public At least one always considered 21.100
3 Public At least one always considered 22.000
4 Public At least one always considered 12.909
5 Public At least one always considered 15.615
6 Public At least one sometimes but neither always considered 21.548
##
EXCURACT LDRSHP RESPCURR RESPRES SCMATEDU STUDBEHA TCHPARTI TCSHORT
1 0.1527 1.6750 -1.1970 -0.8256 -0.5602 0.3454 -1.2768 -0.2606
2 -1.2758 1.9462 -0.9125 -0.8256 -1.7503 1.6729 -1.2768 0.4283
3 0.7130 0.8741 1.3635 -0.8096 -0.2728 1.6729 -0.7877 -1.0222
4 1.4227 1.0501 -1.0548 -0.6658 -0.7064 0.6491 0.0910 -0.2606
5 0.4233 0.3866 -0.3435 -0.8096 -1.7503 0.3454 -0.7877 -0.2606
6 -0.1104 0.8741 -1.1970 -0.8096 -0.4165 0.9549 -1.2768 -0.2606
##
TEACBEHA W_FSCHWT STRATUM VER_SCH
1 0.2091 1.3226 ALB: North/Urban/General P2009_07DEC10
2 1.4029 25.9638 ALB: South/Rural/General P2009_07DEC10
3 1.4029 4.1397 ALB: South/Urban/General P2009_07DEC10
4 0.4524 3.2925 ALB: South/Rural/General P2009_07DEC10
5 0.2091 7.5364 ALB: Center/Urban/General P2009_07DEC10
6 0.2091 1.7948 ALB: South/Urban/General P2009_07DEC10

```

# Some available data (3/3)

Parent survey results from the 2009 Programme of International Student Assessment (PISA)

```
> data(pisa.parent)
> head(pisa.parent)
```

```
CNT COUNTRY OECD SUBNATIO SCHOOLID STIDSTD PA01Q01 PA01Q02 PA01Q03
1 CHL 152 1 15200 00001 00001 2 2 2
2 CHL 152 1 15200 00001 00002 2 2 1
3 CHL 152 1 15200 00001 00003 1 2 2
4 CHL 152 1 15200 00001 00004 2 2 1
5 CHL 152 1 15200 00001 00005 1 1 2
6 CHL 152 1 15200 00002 00006 1 2 2
PA02Q01 PA03Q01 PA03Q02 PA03Q03 PA03Q04 PA03Q05 PA03Q06 PA03Q07 PA03Q08
1 2 3 2 3 4 4 2 4 4
2 2 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 4
3 2 4 2 1 2 1 1 1 1
4 2 2 1 3 3 4 4 3 2
5 2 4 2 4 1 4 4 1 3
6 2 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 3
PA03Q09 PA04Q01 PA05Q01 PA06Q01 PA06Q02 PA06Q03 PA06Q04 PA07Q01 PA07Q02
1 4 1 4 2 2 4 2 2 2
2 4 1 4 2 2 4 2 2 2
3 NA 1 4 2 2 3 4 2 2
4 2 1 4 2 2 4 1 2 2
5 4 1 3 2 2 4 2 2 2
6 4 1 3 2 1 4 2 2 2
PA07Q03 PA07Q04 PA07Q05 PA07Q06 PA08Q01 PA08Q02 PA08Q03 PA08Q04 PA08Q05
1 2 2 2 1 1 2 3 4 3
2 2 2 2 1 1 3 3 4 4
3 2 2 2 1 3 1 3 4 4
4 2 2 1 1 4 4 4 4 2
5 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 3
6 2 2 2 1 1 2 3 3 4
PA08Q06 PA08Q07 PA08Q08 PA09Q01 PA09Q02 PA09Q03 PA09Q04 PA10Q01 PA10Q02
1 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2
3 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2
4 1 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2
5 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2
6 1 3 1 2 2 2 1 2 2
PA10Q03 PA10Q04 PA11Q01 PA12Q01 PA13Q01 PA14Q01 PA14Q02 PA14Q03 PA14Q04
1 2 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 2
2 2 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1
3 2 1 3 2 3 1 1 1 1
4 1 1 1 2 4 2 2 1 1
```

```

5 2 2 1 3 2 2 2 2 2 2
6 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
PA14Q05 PA14Q06 PA14Q07 PA15Q01 PA15Q02 PA15Q03 PA15Q04 PA15Q05 PA15Q06
1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2
3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2
4 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
6 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
PA15Q07 PA15Q08 PA16Q01 PA17Q01 PA17Q02 PA17Q03 PA17Q04 PA17Q05 PA17Q06
1 1 1 3 3 4 2 2 2 2
2 2 2 3 1 4 4 4 1 1
3 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 NA 2
4 2 2 3 1 3 3 4 1 3
5 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 1 1
6 2 2 3 4 4 2 3 3 1
PA17Q07 PA17Q08 PA17Q09 PA17Q10 PA17Q11 PQMISCED PQFISCED PQHISCED
1 4 3 3 3 4 0 0 0
2 2 3 4 4 4 1 0 1
3 3 4 4 4 4 1 1 1
4 3 3 3 2 4 2 0 2
5 3 3 3 3 3 0 0 0
6 3 1 4 3 4 1 1 1
CURSUPP MOTREAD PARINVOL PQSCHOOL PRESUPP READRES STRATUM VER_PAR
1 NA NA NA NA NA NA 15297 P2009_07DEC10
2 NA NA NA NA NA NA 15297 P2009_07DEC10
3 NA NA NA NA NA NA 15297 P2009_07DEC10
4 NA NA NA NA NA NA 15297 P2009_07DEC10
5 NA NA NA NA NA NA 15297 P2009_07DEC10
6 NA NA NA NA NA NA 15297 P2009_07DEC10

```

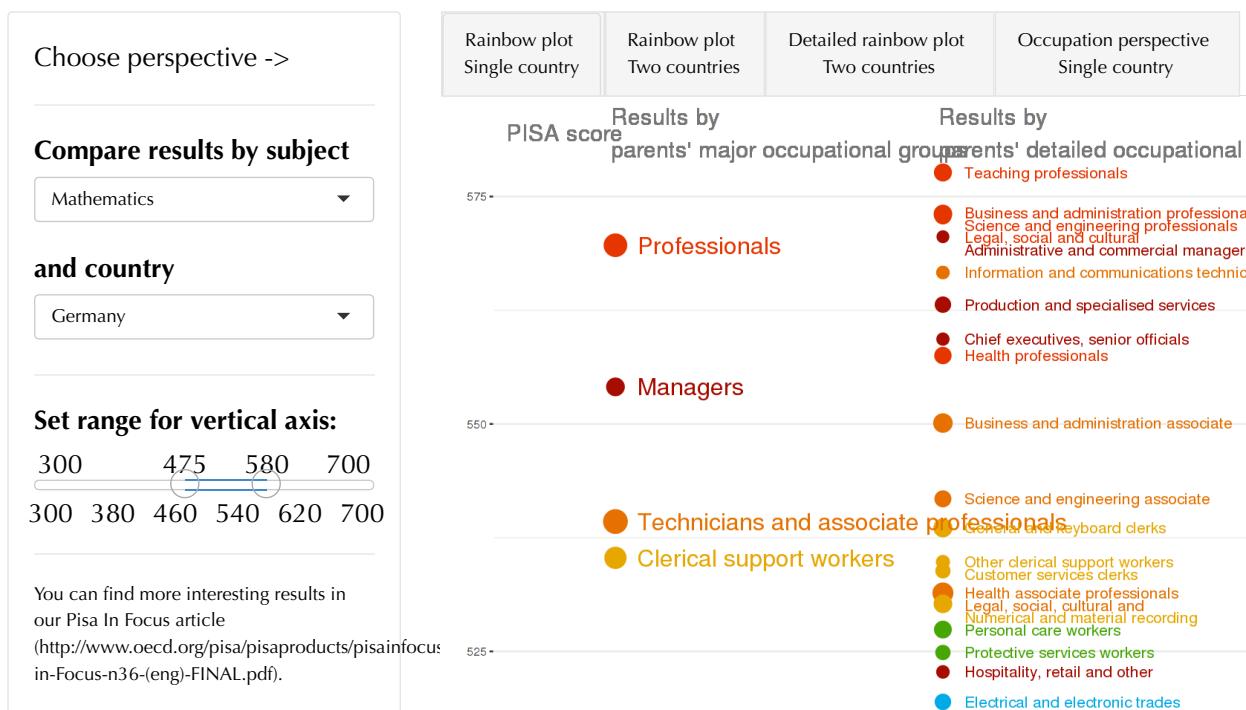
# Shiny App tp Explore PISA data

<http://mi2 mini pw edu pl:8080 SmarterPoland/PISAoccupations2012/>

## Occupations@PISA2012

How much can we infer about a student's performance in school by looking at what his or her parents do for a living? To find out, PISA 2012 asked participating students about their parents' occupations.

**Occupations@PISA2012** is a web-based application that allows you to explore the relationship between parents' occupations and their children's performance in mathematics, reading and science - in your own country and in other countries.



# From pdf documents

# tabulizer package (I)

## Installation of the package

```
> library("ghit")
> ghit::install_github(c("ropensci/tabulizerjars", "ropensci/tabulizer"))
```

# **Case study: Size of the population and the Schools in Tunis (2013 to 2015)**

Our aim is

- to obtain a data on the delegations of Tunis about the population, schools and the numbers de classrooms
- to display an interactive graph

# Source of the data

- We download a pdf document in the General Comission of the Regional Developpement.
- We are interested in Tunis report that can be downloaded from the following link

<http://www.cgdr.nat.tn/upload/files/gouvchiffres/gech2015/Tunis.pdf>

- Put the file “Tunis.pdf” in your working directory.

# Extracting the data on population from the pdf reports.

- We extract the table of the page 8.

```
> library(tabulizer)
> tab1 <- extract_tables("Tunis.pdf", pages = 8)
> tab1
```

```
[1]
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
[1,""] "DELEGATION" "2015" "2014" "2013"
[2,"Carthage"] "" "24906" "24216" "24100"
[3,"Tunis Medina"] "" "22009" "21400" "21298"
[4,"Bab Bhar"] "" "37241" "36210" "36037"
[5,"Bab Souika"] "" "30016" "29185" "29046"
[6,"El Omran"] "" "43410" "42208" "42006"
[7,"Ombrane Superieur"] "" "57094" "55513" "55248"
[8,"Tahrir"] "" "22327" "21709" "21605"
[9,"Menzah"] "" "43021" "41830" "41630"
[10,"Cité Khadra"] "" "36175" "35173" "35005"
[11,"Le Bardo"] "" "74010" "71961" "71617"
[12,"Sejoumi"] "" "34835" "33870" "33708"
[13,"Ezzouhour"] "" "41888" "40728" "40534"
[14,"El Hrairia"] "" "113322" "110184" "109658"
[15,"Sidi Hessine"] "" "112795" "109672" "109148"
[16,"El Ouardia"] "" "33063" "32147" "31993"
[17,"El Kabaria"] "" "88474" "86024" "85613"
[18,"Sidi El Bechir"] "" "28539" "27749" "27616"
[19,"Jebel Jelloud"] "" "24311" "23638" "23525"
[20,"La Goulette"] "" "47013" "45711" "45493"
[21,"El Kram"] "" "76243" "74132" "73778"
[22,"La Marsa"] "" "95635" "92987" "92543"
[23,""] "Total" "1086327" "1056247" "1051203"
[,6] [,7]
[1,"المعتمدية"] "القروطاج"
[2,""] "المدينة"
[3,""] "باب البحر"
[4,""] "باب سویقة"
[5,""] "العمران"
[6,""] "العمران الأعلى"
[7,""] "التحرير"
[8,""] "المنزه"
[9,""] "حي الخضراء"
[10,""] "باردو"
[11,""] "السيجومي"
[12,""] "الزهور"
```

```
[14,] "" "الحراثية"
[15,] "" "سيدي حسين"
[16,] "" "الوردية"
[17,] "" "الكبارية"
[18,] "" "سيدي البشير"
[19,] "" "جبل الجلود"
[20,] "" "حلق الوادي"
[21,] "" "الكرم"
[22,] "" "المرسى"
[23,] "" "الولاية"
```

# Cleaning the data into R

- We transform tab1 to a data.frame object

```
> dt=tab1[[1]]
> colnames(dt)[c(1,3,4,5,7)]=tab1[[1]][1,2:6]
> dt=dt[1:22,c(1,3,4,5,7)]
> dt=dt[-1,]
> dt[,2]=as.numeric(as.character(dt[,2]))
> dt[,3]=as.numeric(as.character(dt[,3]))
> dt[,4]=as.numeric(as.character(dt[,4]))
> dt=as.data.frame(dt)
```

# Reshaping the data

```
> library(reshape2)

Attaching package: 'reshape2'

The following objects are masked from 'package:reshape':

colsplit, melt, recast

> dtA=melt(dt,id.vars = colnames(dt)[c(1,5)])
> colnames(dtA)[3:4]=c("Year","Population")
```

# Displaying the data on population sizes in each delegation

> `DT::datatable(dtA)`

|    | DELEGATION       | المعتمدية      | Year | Population |
|----|------------------|----------------|------|------------|
| 1  | Carthage         | قرطاج          | 2015 | 24906      |
| 2  | Tunis Medina     | المدينة        | 2015 | 22009      |
| 3  | Bab Bhar         | باب بحر        | 2015 | 37241      |
| 4  | Bab Souika       | باب سويبة      | 2015 | 30016      |
| 5  | El Omran         | العمران        | 2015 | 43410      |
| 6  | Omrane Superieur | العمران الأعلى | 2015 | 57094      |
| 7  | Tahrir           | التحرير        | 2015 | 22327      |
| 8  | Menzah           | المنزه         | 2015 | 43021      |
| 9  | Cité Khadra      | حي الخضراء     | 2015 | 36175      |
| 10 | Le Bardo         | باردو          | 2015 | 74010      |

Showing 1 to 10 of 63 entries

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Next

# Extracting now the data on Schools and classrooms

We can extract a second table: Number of schools and Classrooms (page 14)

```
> tab2 <- extract_tables("Tunis.pdf", pages = 14)
> tab2
```

```
[1]
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
[1,"" "salles d' études "" قاعات "écoles ""
[2,"DELEGATION" "" "" "" ""]
[3,"" "2015" "2014" "2013" "2015" "2014"
[4,"CARTHAGE" "76" "73" "59" "8" "8"
[5,"TUNIS MEDINA" "67" "65" "67" "6" "6"
[6,"BAB BHAR" "97" "97" "96" "8" "8"
[7,"BAB SOUKA" "46" "50" "49" "4" "4"
[8,"EL OMRAN" "114" "125" "111" "10" "10"
[9,"OMRANE SUPERIEUR" "108" "109" "109" "9" "9"
[10,"TAHRIR" "45" "45" "46" "4" "4"
[11,"MENZAH" "58" "56" "52" "6" "6"
[12,"CITE KHADRA" "64" "63" "61" "5" "5"
[13,"LE BARD" "138" "136" "136" "13" "13"
[14,"SEJOURMI" "34" "34" "37" "3" "3"
[15,"EZZOUIOUR" "90" "91" "89" "9" "9"
[16,"EL HRAIRIA" "204" "200" "211" "19" "19"
[17,"SIDI HESSINE" "205" "203" "195" "18" "18"
[18,"EL OUARDIA" "72" "72" "71" "7" "7"
[19,"EL KABARIA" "164" "154" "163" "18" "18"
[20,"SIDI EL BECHIR" "58" "57" "58" "6" "6"
[21,"JEBEL JELLOUD" "50" "50" "49" "6" "6"
[22,"LA GOULETTE" "62" "61" "60" "6" "6"
[23,"EL KRAM" "72" "73" "71" "8" "8"
[24,"LA MARSA" "131" "128" "123" "12" "12"
[25,"TOTAL" "1955" "1942" "1913" "185" "185"

[,7] [,8]
[1,"مدارس" "المعتمدية"
[2,"" "تونس المدينة"
[3,"2013" ""
[4,"7" "قرطاج"
[5,"6" "باب بحر"
[6,"8" "باب سویقة"
[7,"4" "العمران"
[8,"10" "العمران الأعلى"
[9,"9" "التحرير"
[10,"4" "المنزه"
[11,"5" "حي الحفراء"
```

```
[13,] "13" "باردو"
[14,] "3" "السيومي"
[15,] "9" "الزهور"
[16,] "19" "الحرابية"
[17,] "18" "سidi حسين"
[18,] "7" "الوردية"
[19,] "18" "الكبارية"
[20,] "6" "سidi البشير"
[21,] "6" "جبل الجلود"
[22,] "6" "حلق الوادي"
[23,] "8" "الكرم"
[24,] "11" "المرسى"
[25,] "182" "المجموع"
```

# Cleaning the data (I)

```
> tab2[[1]][1,]
```

```
[1] "" "salles d'études" "" "قاعات"
[5] "écoles" "" "مدارس" ""

```

```
> tab2[[1]][2,]
```

```
[1] "DELEGATION" "" "" "" ""
[6] "" "" "المعتمدية"

```

```
> tab2[[1]][3,]
```

```
[1] "" "2015" "2014" "2013" "2015" "2014" "2013" ""

```

```
> ds1=tab2[[1]][,c(1,2,3,4,8)] # data classrooms
> ds2=tab2[[1]][,c(1,5,6,7,8)] # data school
> colnames(ds1)=colnames(ds2)=c(ds1[2,1],ds1[3,2:4],ds1[2,5])
> ds1=ds1[-c(1:3,25),]
> ds2=ds2[-c(1:3,25),]
```

## Cleaning the data (2)

```
> ds1[,2]=as.numeric(as.character(ds1[,2]))
> ds1[,3]=as.numeric(as.character(ds1[,3]))
> ds1[,4]=as.numeric(as.character(ds1[,4]))
> ds1=as.data.frame(ds1)
```

and

```
> ds2[,2]=as.numeric(as.character(ds2[,2]))
> ds2[,3]=as.numeric(as.character(ds2[,3]))
> ds2[,4]=as.numeric(as.character(ds2[,4]))
> ds2=as.data.frame(ds2)
```

# Cleaning the data (3)

```
> ds1A=melt(ds1,id.vars = colnames(ds1)[c(1,5)])
> colnames(ds1A)[3:4]=c("Year","Classrooms")
> ds2A=melt(ds2,id.vars = colnames(ds2)[c(1,5)])
> colnames(ds2A)[3:4]=c("Year","Schools")
```

One data for all variables

```
> data_all=cbind.data.frame(dtA,ds1A$Classrooms,ds2A$Schools)
> colnames(data_all)[c(5,6)]=c("Classrooms","Schools")
```

# Displaying the whole data

> `DT::datatable(data_all)`

|    | DELEGATION       | المعتمدية      | Year | Population | Classrooms | Schools |
|----|------------------|----------------|------|------------|------------|---------|
| 1  | Carthage         | قرطاج          | 2015 | 24906      | 76         | 8       |
| 2  | Tunis Medina     | المدينة        | 2015 | 22009      | 67         | 6       |
| 3  | Bab Bhar         | باب بحر        | 2015 | 37241      | 97         | 8       |
| 4  | Bab Souika       | باب سويبة      | 2015 | 30016      | 46         | 4       |
| 5  | El Omran         | العمران        | 2015 | 43410      | 114        | 10      |
| 6  | Omrane Superieur | العمران الأعلى | 2015 | 57094      | 108        | 9       |
| 7  | Tahrir           | التحرير        | 2015 | 22327      | 45         | 4       |
| 8  | Menzah           | المنزه         | 2015 | 43021      | 58         | 6       |
| 9  | Cité Khadra      | حي الخضراء     | 2015 | 36175      | 64         | 5       |
| 10 | Le Bardo         | باردو          | 2015 | 74010      | 138        | 13      |

Showing 1 to 10 of 63 entries

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Next

# Bubble chart with googleVis

```
> apply(data_all,2,class)
DELEGATION المعمدة Year Population Classrooms Schools
"character" "character" "character" "character" "character"
> data_all$Year=as.numeric(as.character(data_all$Year))
> data_all$Population=as.numeric(as.character(data_all$Population))
> data_all$Classrooms=as.numeric(as.character(data_all$Classrooms))
```

```
> data_all$Schools=as.numeric(as.character(data_all$Schools))
> op <- options(gvis.plot.tag="chart")
> Motion=gvisMotionChart(data_all[,-2],
+ idvar="DELEGATION",
+ timevar="Year")
> print(Motion, file="Motion.html")
> cat(Motion$html$chart, file = "Motion.html")
```

# Bubble chart with googleVis

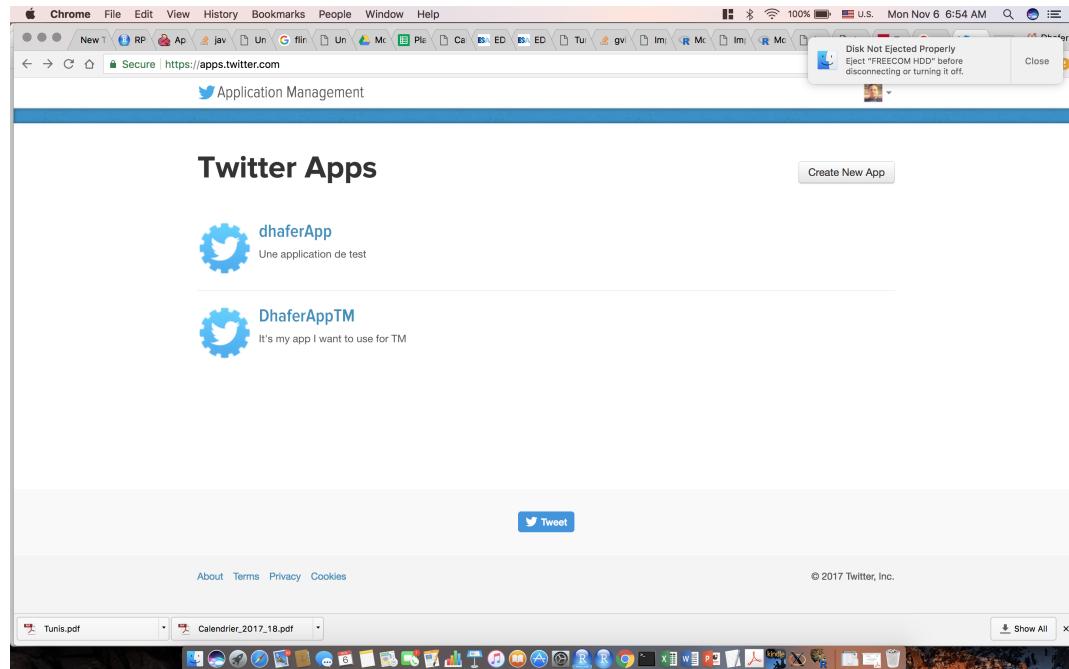


# Social Network

# Data from twitter

# An App on twitter

Step 1: create an app on your account twitter: goto <https://apps.twitter.com/app/>



# Setting up the App.

The screenshot shows a Chrome browser window with the URL <https://apps.twitter.com/app/new>. The page is titled "Create an application".

**Application Details**

- Name \***: AppForTwitterAndR
- Description \***: This App is for R and Data Analysis
- Website \***: <http://dhafermalouche.net/>
- Callback URL**: (Blank field)

**Developer Agreement**

Yes, I have read and agree to the [Twitter Developer Agreement](#).

# API key secret

The screenshot shows a Chrome browser window with multiple tabs open at the top. The active tab is 'Secure | https://apps.twitter.com/app/14437290/keys'. The main content area is titled 'MyNewAppForRAnalysis' and contains the following sections:

- Application Settings**: A note says to keep the "Consumer Secret" a secret. It lists:
  - Consumer Key (API Key): [REDACTED]
  - Consumer Secret (API Secret): [REDACTED]
  - Access Level: Read and write ([modify app permissions](#))
  - Owner: DhaferMdafer
  - Owner ID: 2291612551
- Application Actions**: Buttons for 'Regenerate Consumer Key and Secret' and 'Change App Permissions'.
- Your Access Token**: A table with two rows:

| Token      | Type       | Expires    |
|------------|------------|------------|
| [REDACTED] | [REDACTED] | [REDACTED] |

# Access token

The screenshot shows a Chrome browser window with multiple tabs open at the top. The active tab is <https://apps.twitter.com/app/14437290/keys>. The page displays the 'Your Access Token' section, which includes fields for 'Access Token' (redacted), 'Access Token Secret' (redacted), 'Access Level' (Read and write), 'Owner' (DhaferMdhafar), and 'Owner ID' (2291612551). Below this is a 'Token Actions' section with buttons for 'Regenerate My Access Token and Token Secret' and 'Revoke Token Access'.



# Installing R packages

```
> devtools::install_github("jrowen/twitteR", ref = "oauth_httr_1_0", force=TRUE)
> install.packages('base64enc')
> install.packages('ROAuth')
> library(twitteR)
> library(ROAuth)
> library(base64enc)
```

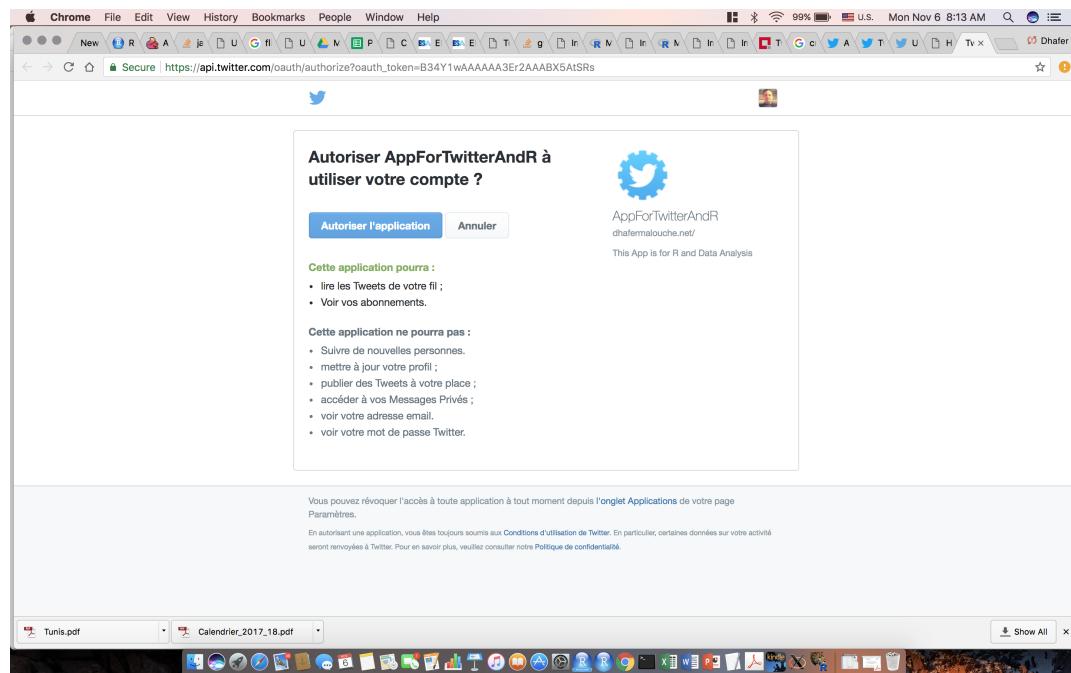
# Importing twitter setting into R

```
> api_key = "XXXXXXX" # your api_key
> api_secret = "XXXXXXX" # your api_secret
> access_token = "XXXXX" # your access_token
> access_token_secret = "XXXXXX" # your access_token_sceret
> credential<-OAuthFactory$new(
+ consumerKey=api_key,
+ consumerSecret=api_secret,requestURL="https://api.twitter.com/oauth/request_token",accessURL="https://api.twitter.com/oauth/access_token",
+ authURL="https://api.twitter.com/oauth/authorize")
```

# Getting the authorization from R

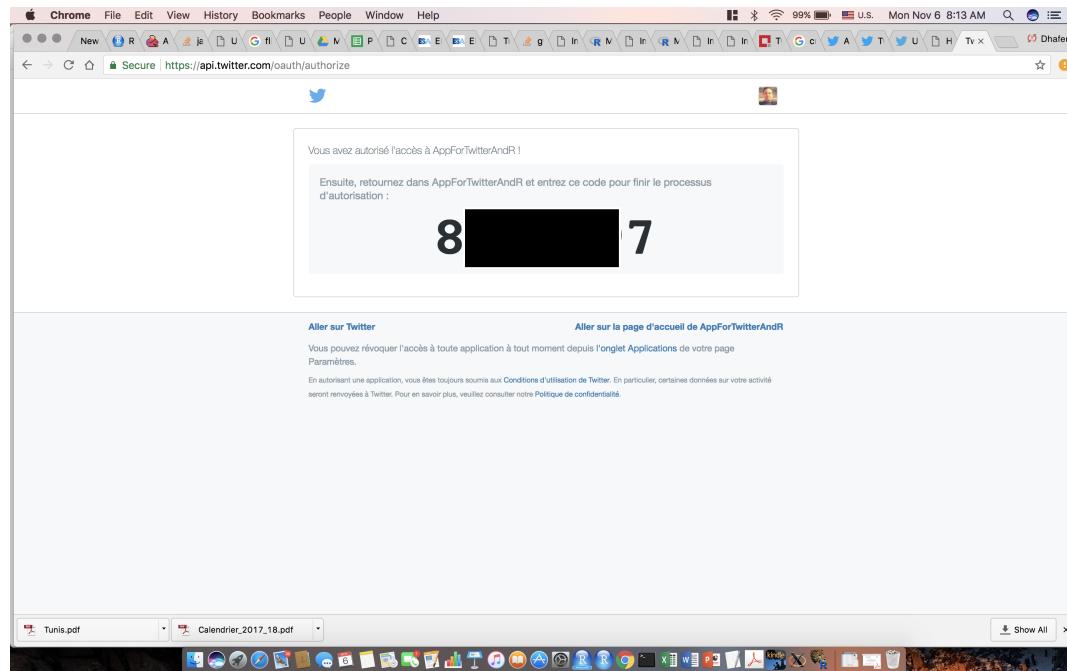
```
> credential$handshake()
To enable the connection, please direct your web browser to:
https://api.twitter.com/oauth/authorize?oauth_token=XXXXXXXXXX
When complete, record the PIN given to you and provide it here:
```

# Getting the authorization from R



# Getting the authorization from R

Copy this pin number and paste it in R



# Setting the authorization

```
> setup_twitter_oauth(consumer_key = api_key,consumer_secret = api_secret,
+ access_token = access_token,access_secret = access_token_secret)
[1] "Using direct authentication"
```

# Extracting data on tweets.

```
> metoo=searchTwitter("metoo", n=2000, lang="en",since='2017-10-01')
> df_metoo <- do.call("rbind", lapply(metoo, as.data.frame))
```

```
> colnames(df_metoo)
```

```
[1] "text" "favorited" "favoriteCount" "replyToSN"
[5] "created" "truncated" "replyToSID" "id"
[9] "replyToUID" "statusSource" "screenName" "retweetCount"
[13] "isRetweet" "retweeted" "longitude" "latitude"
```

# Importing data from Facebook

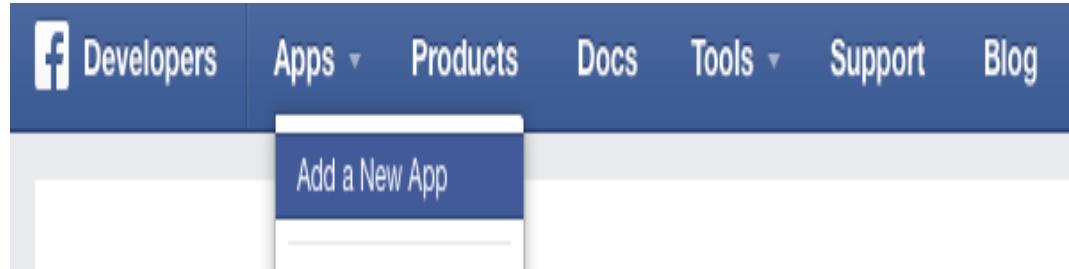
# Installing R packages

## Using `Rfacebook` package

```
> install.packages("Rfacebook")
> install.packages("httpuv")
> library(Rfacebook)
> library(httpuv)
```

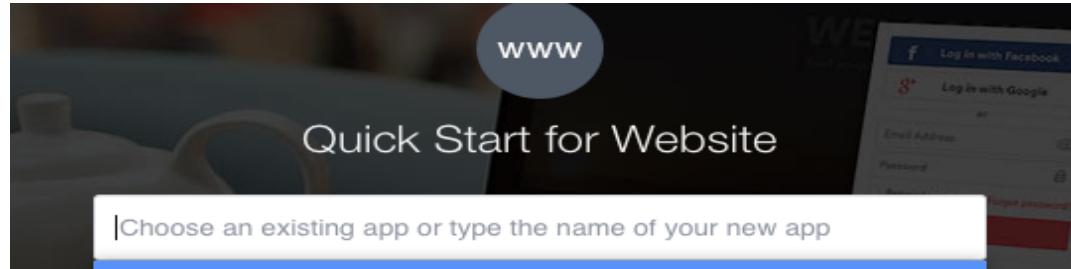
# Creating the App on Facebook

Step 1: Go to the link <https://developers.facebook.com>



# Creating the App on Facebook

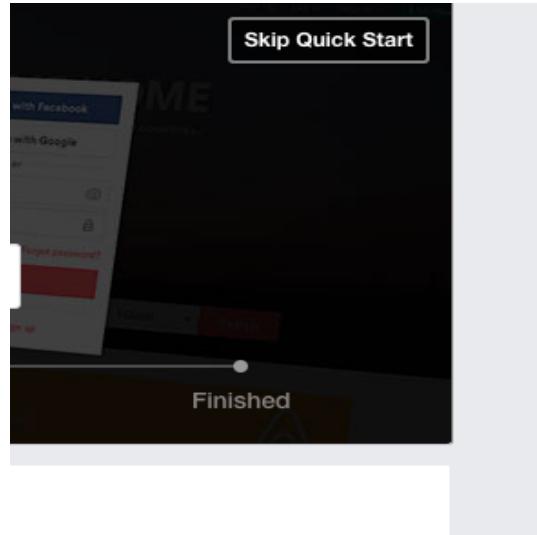
Step2: Give a name to your new App.



Click on “Create a New App ID” and choose a category for your app.

# Creating the App on Facebook

Step3: Skip Quick Start and go to the setting of the app.



# Setting up the App

The screenshot shows a Firefox browser window with multiple tabs open. The active tab is the Facebook Developers Dashboard for an app named "myRapp". The dashboard displays the app's ID (456791051149784), API version (v2.3), and a secret key. It also features sections for starting with the SDK Facebook and setting up Analytics. On the left side of the browser, there is a sidebar with various developer tools and environment variables visible.

# Getting the authorization

```
> app_id="XXXX"
> app_secret="XXXX"
> fb_oauth=fbOAuth(app_id=app_id, app_secret=app_secret, extended_permissions = TRUE)
> save(fb_oauth, file="fb_oauth")
```

# Getting data from Donald Trump official page

<https://www.facebook.com/DonaldTrump/>

```
> fb_page <- getPage(page="DonaldTrump", since='2017-11-01', token=fb_oauth)
```

```
> colnames(fb_page)
```

```
[1] "from_id" "from_name" "message" "created_time"
[5] "type" "link" "id" "story"
[9] "likes_count" "comments_count" "shares_count"
```

# Getting the data on the posts in DT's page

```
> post <- getPost(post=fb_page$id[1], token=fb_oauth)
```

```
names(post)
```

```
[1] "post" "likes" "comments"
```

# Using SocialMediaLab package

```
> if (! "SocialMediaLab" %in% installed.packages()) {
+ devtools::install_github("voson-lab/SocialMediaLab/SocialMediaLab")}
> library(SocialMediaLab)
> require(magrittr)
```

# Getting the data

```
> fb_page2<-Authenticate("Facebook",appID = app_id, appSecret = app_secret) %>%SaveCredential("FBCredential.RDS") %>%Collect(pageName="DonaldTrump", rangeFrom="2017-
+ rangeTo="2017-11-5", writeToFile=TRUE)
```

# Getting the data

- The data is writing in a csv file

```
> file.exists("2017-11-4_to_2017-11-5_DonaldTrump_FacebookData.csv")
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

- Importing it again into R

```
> dt<- read.csv("~/Documents/Teaching/AdvancedR/2017-11-4_to_2017-11-5_DonaldTrump_FacebookData.csv", comment.char="#")
> colnames(dt)
```

```
[1] "X" "from_username" "from"
[4] "to" "edgeType" "postType"
[7] "postLink" "postTimestamp" "commentText"
[10] "commentTimestamp"
```